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65th YEAR RICHMOND, VA., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1915. —TEN PAGES. WEATHER —FAIR PRICE, 2 CENTS

POLLARD BRANDS INNUEENDO AS FALSE

Resents Insinuation of Using
Hopewell Situation for Poli-
tical Advantage.

TESTIMONY IN BLACKER CASE

Commonwealth's Attorney Tim-
othy Rives Admits Express-
ing Hope of Acquittal.

Intimations by Attorney R. B. Wilcox, of Hopewell, suggesting that Attorney General Pollard employed L. R. Driver, an Ashland newspaper man, as special investigator of Hopewell conditions, in order that he may profit by the connection in his forthcoming campaign for Governor, led Mr. Pollard to call the lawyer sharply to task for the insinuation, at Prince George Court-house, Saturday night.

The Attorney-General is one of the witnesses against A. Blacker, proprietor of the Hopewell Hotel, indicted for the illegal sale of liquor at his hotel. Mr. Pollard testified to seeing certain liquors dispensed in Blacker's place on the night of August 22, which resembled beer, although, not having personally examined the liquors, he could not testify that it was beer.

Mr. Wilcox, for the defense, questioned the Attorney-General closely about his employment of Mr. Driver as special investigator, bringing out the fact that the man who has been active in supplying the Governor's office with information of irregular practices at Hopewell was engaged in the newspaper business at Ashland.

POLLARD SAYS INSINUATION
IS ABSOLUTELY FALSE

The lawyer proceeded by his questions to convey the intimation that in employing Mr. Driver, the Attorney-General had an eye also to the usefulness of the newspaper man in the coming gubernatorial campaign.

The Attorney-General promptly and in vigorous language resented the intimation. The lawyer's insinuation, he said, was nothing less than an insult and absolutely false and malicious.

Attorney Wilcox explained that it was not his intention to convey to the jury by his questions the interpretation given them by the Attorney-General and withdrew the question to which Mr. Pollard objected. There was no formal apology, but the matter was dropped.

Other developments at Prince George Court-house Saturday continued to the interest of the day's proceedings. Judge West continued the court until midnight, allowing the Commonwealth time in which to complete its case against Blacker. The trial will be resumed Tuesday morning, when the defense will begin the introduction of its witnesses.

DRIVER TESTIFIES TO
BUYING BEER FROM BLACKER

L. R. Driver, concerning whose employment the Attorney-General and Mr. Wilcox engaged in a sharp tilt, testified that he bought a bottle of beer in Blacker's place shortly after midnight on August 22. He took the bottle away with him and sealed it. State Chemist Weems testified that he analyzed the contents of the bottle, and found therein contained 47.8 per cent alcohol—a percentage larger than is usually found in beer.

Alexander Forward, secretary to Governor Stuart, testified to seeing what appeared to be beer served in Blacker's place on the night of August 21. Testifying to the circumstances of Mr. Driver's employment by the Governor as special investigator, Mr. Forward told the jury that Mr. Driver's pay did not depend upon the number of cases of law violations he reported—an impression which seems to have got abroad.

JUDGE RIVES ADMITS
EXPRESSING HOPE OF ACQUITTAL

Reports that Judge Rives, Commonwealth's attorney of Prince George County, had given more or less public expression to the hope that Blacker would be acquitted, was the cause of widespread comment in courthouse circles. Judge Rives took official cognizance of the situation by admitting that he had given expression to such a sentiment in the presence of Judge West, but denied that he had said it in the presence of any of the jurors.

At Judge Rives's request, Judge West questioned each of the jurors on this point. Each of them testified that he had never heard Commonwealth's Attorney Rives say that he hoped Blacker would be acquitted. Several of them, however, told Judge West that they have heard Judge Rives complain that he had not been treated right by Governor Stuart and Attorney-General Pollard.

CORREY PROSECUTOR SAYS WAS
NOT FURNISHED WITH EVIDENCE

An echo of the controversy was heard during the trial proceedings. Special Prosecutor W. R. Cooke, appointed by the Governor to assist the Commonwealth's attorney in the Hopewell prosecutions, called upon Judge Rives for any suggestions that he may have to offer with reference to the prosecution of the case under consideration. Judge Rives replied that he had nothing to say, adding distinctly: "I want the newspapers to know that I have had nothing to do with the Blacker case at any of its stages. I have never been furnished with a line of evidence in this case by the Attorney-General."

This statement was somewhat at variance with the testimony of Mr. Pollard, who told of the cordial relations that have obtained between his office and the Commonwealth's attorney since Prince George, whose office, he said, has been fully informed of the special investigations in Hopewell and the evidence brought to light through those investigations.

It is expected that the end of the Blacker case will be reached by noon tomorrow. The Hopewell hotel man is being tried under one of six indictments that have been returned against him by the grand jury, charging violations of the liquor laws.

U.S. Envoy Agreed to Madero Killing

John Lind Makes Charge Against
Henry Lane Wilson, Former Ambassador.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
ST. PAUL, MINN., November 21.—"Henry Lane Wilson, the American ambassador to Mexico, knew of and consented to the assassination of Madero."

These words, let fall from the lips of John Lind, President Wilson's close friend and emissary to Mexico, upon the ears of a handful of persons at the North Methodist Church, Minneapolis, on Friday night, spread today to a larger audience, the public, when members of the congregation reported what they had heard. The former Governor also said that Ambassador Wilson had met with Carranza and had tried to induce him to come under the Huerta government, but Carranza had replied that he could not, because he was pledged to a constitutional government.

"I do not care to affirm or deny the report of what I said at the church," declared Mr. Lind today when a reporter asked him to discuss the account of his address. "I was speaking virtually in private to a circle of friends, you might say, and I do not believe that my address needs be explained. It would do no good at this date to reopen an old subject, anyway. Perhaps later, however, I will make some sort of a statement on the Madero phase."

AMERICAN SHIP SEIZED

The Genesee, Engaged in Neutral
Trade, Carried Into St. Lucia
by Prize Crew.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
NEW YORK, November 21.—The American steamship Genesee has been seized by a British cruiser and carried into St. Lucia, British West Indies, by a prize crew.

The Genesee has American registry and was flying the American flag. She is the second American ship to be seized by Great Britain within a month. The Hocking, now in the prize court at Halifax, was the first. Like the Hocking, the Genesee was engaged in neutral trade. She cleared from Norfolk on October 14 with a cargo of coal for Montevideo. She was on the so-called British blacklist.

News of the seizure was received here today by the American Transatlantic Company, owners of the Genesee. Immediately on receipt of this message, R. G. Wagner, president of the American Transatlantic Company, wired a protest to Washington. He also instructed his counsel there to demand of the State Department a prompt statement from Great Britain as to the reasons for this renewed attack on the American merchant marine.

Carl Rasmussen was also notified to cable at once full details of the seizure. Immediately on receipt of this message, R. G. Wagner, president of the American Transatlantic Company, wired a protest to Washington. He also instructed his counsel there to demand of the State Department a prompt statement from Great Britain as to the reasons for this renewed attack on the American merchant marine.

PATTERSON VS. M'KELLAR

Lea Admits His Defeat and Pledges
Support to Winner in Second
Senatorial Primary.

NASHVILLE, TENN., November 21.—Virtual complete returns to-night indicated that Congressman Kenneth D. McKellar received a plurality of approximately 2,700 votes in yesterday's Democratic senatorial primary. Mr. McKellar will be opposed in a "run-off" election December 5 by former Governor Malcolm R. Patterson, who received second largest vote.

Official returns to-day gave McKellar a total vote of 22,180; Patterson, 22,482, and United States Senator Luke Lea, who was eliminated from the race, 32,025.

Senator Lea admitted defeat last night and pledged his support to the winner in the second primary, while R. L. Peck, campaign manager for Mr. Patterson, issued a statement charging McKellar with fraud. Patterson's official count will show a substantial lead for the former Governor.

At McKellar's headquarters the only comment was a prediction that McKellar would win by an overwhelming majority in the second primary, while Patterson's managers were equally optimistic. The former Governor Patterson would be the nominee.

The returns will be canvassed by the county primary boards on Wednesday, and the Democratic State Committee will meet here Friday to tabulate the vote and formally announce the result.

FUNERAL OF HILLSTROM

Six Swedish Girls, Including One Said
to Have Been His Sweetheart,
Act as Pallbearers.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, November 21.—Six Swedish girls, including one said to have been Joseph Hillstrom's sweetheart, acted as pallbearers at his funeral services here today. Each girl wore a red sash, which was attached to the casket when the body was taken to the depot and sent to W. D. Haywood, at Chicago. There was no prayer and no religious ceremony.

Hillstrom's execution was strongly condemned by members of the Industrial Workers of the World, who spoke at the funeral. The speaker declared the authorities of the State "would soon have cause to remember the day they took Hillstrom out and shot him."

Industrial Workers of the World songs, some of them written by Hillstrom, were sung as the procession moved through the streets.

Ten More Bodies Recovered.
SEATTLE, WASH., November 21.—Ten bodies were recovered today from the Northwest Improvement Company's mine at Ravensdale. The bodies of all the thirty-one victims in the explosion in the mine last Tuesday now have been brought to the surface.

ANXIOUS TO FINISH ANNUAL MESSAGE

President Will Devote Entire
Time This Week to Complet-
ing Paper for Congress.

OUTLINE OF HIS PROGRAM

Not Expected, However, to Refer
to All Questions Press-
ing for Solution.

WASHINGTON, November 21.—President Wilson will devote his entire time this week to completing his annual message to Congress, which he plans to read personally at a joint meeting of the House and Senate on December 7. He has given instructions that none but very important engagements be made for him. Even Tuesday's Cabinet meeting may be canceled.

The President is working hard to have the message in the hands of the public printer before Thanksgiving day. No attempt is being made to deal with all the questions pressing for solution, for the President plans to read special messages to Congress as occasions arise.

Chairman Fitzgerald, of the House Appropriations Committee, conferred with the President to-night. Mr. Fitzgerald urged him to include in the message an outline of the best methods for raising revenues to meet the appropriations for the administration national defense plans.

FITZGERALD DIRECTS
ATTENTION TO AMENDMENT

Mr. Fitzgerald directed attention to an amendment to the sundry civil bill of 1916, which provides that, in case the estimated appropriations exceed the revenues in any year, the President may:

"Advise the Congress how, in his judgment, the estimated appropriations could be reduced so as to bring the appropriations within the estimated revenues, or if such reduction be not practical without undue injury to the public service, he may recommend to Congress such new taxes as may be necessary to cover the deficiency."

The view was taken by Mr. Fitzgerald that the President should at least indicate generally how he thought the needed money might be raised, and it was considered probable to-night that this would be done. Other advisers of the President, however, have told him that, since revenue measures must originate in the House, he ought not to appear to usurp that power.

Underwood and a number of Democratic leaders in Congress are known to be opposed to a bond issue to pay for the army and navy increases, for the reason that the expenditures for the purpose will have to be continued from year to year.

IMPORTANT ISSUES ON ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM

Although the President may not refer to all of the subjects in his message at the opening of Congress, the program which the administration hopes to see disposed of includes:

Strengthening the army and navy, in accordance with the plans outlined by Secretaries Daniels and Garrison.

A merchant marine bill.

Rural credit legislation.

Ratification of the Haitian, Colombian, Nicaraguan treaties.

The bill to give a greater measure of self-government to the Philippines and to amend the Philippine Conservation measures, which failed of final passage at the last session.

Legislation to protect the American market against "the dumping" of cheap foreign products following the European war.

Amendment of the Sherman antitrust law so as to give the Federal government more power to prosecute plots to interfere with American commerce by blowing up factories and ships.

The administration also is interested in the efforts to establish a budget system for co-ordinating expenditures and revenues of the government and in a cloture rule for the Senate. The President is not expected, however, to take a direct part in the cloture fight.

Chairman Carter (Iowa) of the Banking and Currency Committee, talked with the President to-night about banking questions.

FOR LABOR DISTRIBUTION

Southern Governors and Mayors of
Principal Cities Asked to Send De-
legates to Confer on Problem.

WASHINGTON, November 21.—Governors of sixteen Southern States and Mayors of the principal Southern cities have been asked by Secretary Wilson, of the Department of Labor, to send delegates to the Conference of Labor Distribution, to be held at Charleston, S. C., December 16 and 17, in connection with the meeting of the Southern Commercial Congress. The object of the conference, the secretary said today, would be to bring into co-operative association, the Federal, the State, municipal and private agencies dealing with labor problems, and to present the department's plan for this work to the business men of the South.

HAD MADE ONLY ONE TRIP

Zeppelin Destroyed by Explosion at
Tondern, Pommern. Eleven Men Be-
ing Killed or Wounded.

COPENHAGEN, November 21.—(via London).—The Zeppelin Z-18, which was destroyed by an explosion at Tondern, Prussia, had made only a single trip westward, over the island of Sylt. Its shed had just been completed. A few alterations were being made.

A number of marines were assisting the workmen, several of them smoking cigars. It is reported one man dropped a lighted cigar on the gas-filled balloon, resulting in an immediate explosion. The casualties are now given as eleven killed or wounded.

BOMB CONCEALED AT ARCHBOLD HOME

Attempt to Dynamite Palatial
Mansion of Standard Oil Head
Frustrated on Saturday.

READY FOR INSTANT USE

Estates of Other Rich Men in
Tarrytown Colony Searched
for Explosives.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
NEW YORK, November 21.—An attempt to dynamite the palatial home of John D. Archbold, oil company president of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, was frustrated on Saturday. A powerful bomb, hidden beneath a bush fifty feet from the capitalist's front door, was discovered by his gardener.

The bomb was ready for instant use. It consisted of four sticks of dynamite, bound together with copper wire. Perforation caps had already been attached.

No statement could be gained from the Archbold home to-night. Assistance to the estate was denied by a squad of armed guards, hastily employed and stationed after the bomb had been found. The Tarrytown police neither admitted nor denied that the information resembled others recently found in ships and factories supplying munitions to the allies.

The utmost secrecy was maintained about the discovery. Not until darkness had fallen on Saturday was the bomb carried to Tarrytown police headquarters. Even then publicity was suppressed, until the investigation was widely and greatly to-day it could no longer be concealed.

ONE OF GARDENERS DISCOVERS DYNAMITE

John Wahlquist, one of the gardeners on the Archbold estate, was making leaves from the front lawn on Saturday afternoon when he discovered the dynamite. Beneath a bush but a short distance from the front door his rake brought forth an oblong package, bound closely in heavy yellow paper.

He carried it immediately to Mrs. Archbold, who tore away the paper and revealed the bomb.

After nightfall the bomb was carried to Chief of Police Bowles, of Tarrytown.

Up until late to-night but one faint clue had been unearthed. This came from Thomas Foley, fire chief of Tarrytown.

"I passed the Archbold estate several nights ago on my way home," Chief Foley said. "As I approached the big iron gates opening from the front drive, a stranger darted out of the shadows. He was evidently anxious to conceal himself from me. As I walked closer, he jumped behind a tree, waiting there until I had passed."

"At the time, I thought little of the occurrence. But, in light of the bomb discovery, it is significant. I recall the man as very tall, but cannot describe his features nor his dress."

TWO THEORIES ABOUT BOMB ARE HELD BY POLICE

Two theories regarding the bomb are held by the police. The first is that the man who wished to blow up the Archbold home was frightened away on the night he first intended using the bomb. He hid it under the bush, it is thought, hoping to return at a more opportune hour.

The second theory is that the bomb was placed beneath the bush, and was not intended for use until some future date. It was so close to the house that one could lift it from its hiding place and hurl it against the Archbold front door without moving a step nearer.

News of the finding of the bomb spread quickly to-day through the military colony at Tarrytown. The estates of many other men were searched, it is stated. Colonel Jacob Ruppert's estate adjoins the Archbold grounds immediately on the north. The residences of John D. and William Rockefeller are not far distant. Many other wealthy men live in the neighborhood.

NICHOLS RETURNS TO YALE

His Retirement From Presidency of
Dartmouth at Close of College
Year Is Announced.

BOSTON, November 21.—The retirement of Dr. Ernest Fox Nichols from the presidency of Dartmouth College at the close of the present college year was announced by the board of trustees to-day. President Nichols had accepted an invitation to a chair of physics at Yale, thus returning to a field that in the past, he told the trustees, had gratified his every ambition, and which he left reluctantly to accept the call to Dartmouth six and a half years ago.

The resignation was tendered at a special meeting of the trustees last Friday, and was accepted with an expression of deep regret. His successor has not been agreed upon.

In a letter to the board, President Nichols said that when he was called to Hanover, the college was passing through a critical period, but that the needs of that earlier time already had been met.

PAY HOMAGE TO RELIC

With Sunrise Prayer, 40,000 School
Children in St. Louis Pledge Before
Liberty Bell.

ST. LOUIS, November 21.—With a sunrise prayer, 40,000 school children paid homage to the Liberty Bell here today. Exclusive of the children between 100,000 and 125,000 residents of St. Louis and surrounding towns passed before the bell during its seven and a half hours visit to this city.

A parade of every military and civic organization in the city passed before the historic relic. After a thirty-minute stop in East St. Louis, Ill., the bell was taken on its journey eastward.

POPE IS 61 YEARS OLD

Birthday Observed Not Only Within
Vatican Walls, but Also Through-
out Entire City of Rome.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]
ROME, November 21.—Pope Benedict's sixty-first birthday was observed to-day, not only within the Vatican walls, but also throughout the entire city. The yellow-white flag was attached to every Vatican building. The Sacred College, headed by Cardinal Gasparri, presented felicitations. Later the Pope received a delegation of the Association for the Preservation of the Faith.

The Holy Father pronounced a long discourse protesting against Protestants and churches robbing the Romans of their faith.

PLANS JOINT FIGHT ON CONSPIRATORS

Government Asks States to Co-
operate in Running Down Ar-
son and Strike Plotters.

FEDERAL LAWS TOO LIMITED

Will Employ All Resources in
Finding Men Responsible for
Attacks on Industries.

WASHINGTON, November 21.—Official notice of the Federal government's intention to employ all its resources in running down those responsible for factory explosions, intimidation of labor and other acts of violence against American industries is contained in a statement issued to-night by Attorney-General Gregory, with an appeal to State authorities to be equally vigorous in dealing with lawlessness beyond the reach of Federal statutes.

"Information indicating attacks upon lawful American industries and commerce through incendiary fires and explosions in factories, threats to intimidate employees and other acts of violence," says the statement, "has so often developed during the past few months as to demand searching investigations and prosecutions. The Department of Justice will continue unremittingly to investigate all such acts and prosecute all developed violations of Federal statutes, seeking indictments under the Federal law prohibiting the interstate transportation of explosives, the Sherman law, the law relating to conspiracy to commit an offense against or to defraud the United States, and the laws relating to crimes on ships on the high seas."

"Because, however, of our dual form of government the Federal criminal laws are extremely limited in their scope, such crimes of violence, such as arson, malicious destruction of property, etc., can in general be punished in the Federal courts only when committed where the United States has special jurisdiction."

"It follows, therefore, that such attempts to destroy and injure American industries must usually be prosecuted by State authorities."

"These conditions so destructive to the commerce and labor of the United States, require vigorous action on the part of all agencies of the State and Federal governments. It is, therefore, to be earnestly hoped that State officials will be equally active."

"I have instructed the agents of the Department of Justice, whenever they discover evidence of violations of State criminal laws, to place the evidence and the disposal of the local State officials; and I assume that such officials will co-operate in acquainting the Federal officials with all information tending to show the commission of Federal crimes."

TO BE MORE ACTIVE IN MOWING DOWN GUILTY

There have been various official intimations during the past few days of the government's purpose to be more active in mowing down guilty offenders against the neutrality and criminal laws of the United States, by agents or sympathizers of European belligerents. A recent Department of Justice statement told of plans for further investigation of the activities of Austrian Consul-General von Nuber, at New York, and his associates, and that the information had been obtained, which probably would lead to additional indictments for passport frauds.

DECLARES WAR ON BARNES

Anti-Saloon League of New York Says
No Quarter Will Be Given
Political Boss.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
WASHINGTON, November 21.—Under the heading, "Time to Retire, Mr. Barnes," the Anti-Saloon League of New York "declares war" on William Barnes, so-called Republican boss of New York State, in an announcement received here to-day.

"The declaration is signed by William H. Anderson, State superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, who says: 'We do not know how long it will take to make Mr. Barnes politically worthless to the liquor traffic in this State, except that it will come sooner than the benevolent politicians or indifferent good people imagine.'"

"The league asserts that quarter will not be given nor asked 'until Mr. Barnes is permanently eliminated, and as well as ostensibly, from any position of political control in New York, because he embodies in himself the discredited political principles and gathers to himself the vicious, stupid and arrogant political interests which are withholding the people's right of self-government on the liquor question.'"

FIVE FISHERMEN DROWNED

They Figure in One of Most Thrilling
Accidents in History of New
York Waters.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
NEW YORK, November 21.—Five men, on a fishing party of seven, lost their lives today. Two were rescued. They figured in one of the most thrilling accidents in the history of New York waters. Of the two who escaped, one is in a serious condition, and will probably die.

For two hours the seven were tossed about in a nineteen-foot dory that had become disabled off Rockaway Point. The waves, thirty feet high, were knocking their little craft about like a cork.

Using their shirts as sails, they finally attracted the attention of a passing boat. For two hours more a thrilling attempt at rescue was made. Just when safety was in sight, a wave, larger than any of the others, broke the life line.

The disabled boat crumbled up like an eggshell, and the fishermen were thrown into the sea. Two of them had life belts. They were the only ones saved.

GEORGE H. CRONK DEAD

Was Grand Exalted Ruler of Order of
Elks From 1902
to 1903.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
FRANKLIN, PA., November 21.—George H. Cronk, aged fifty-three, who was grand exalted ruler of the Elks from 1902 to 1903, died at his home here to-day. He was sick two months, his homecoming in September having been cut short by illness.

He was a member of the Elks lodge at Franklin, Pa., and was a prominent figure in the community.

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GREECE MUST ACT QUICKLY



KING CONSTANTINE
of Greece.

GARRANZA ISSUES PLEA TO PEOPLE OF MEXICO

Urges Their Co-operation in Ardu-
ous Task of Reconstruction
Now in Progress.

TOLD TO HAVE PATIENCE

Period of Overcoming Mistakes of
Former Regimes, He Says, Will Be
Long and Difficult—Reports Im-
provement in Conditions.

NEBUJO LAREDO, MEX., November 21.—In a direct appeal to the people of Mexico for co-operation in reconstructing Mexico, General Carranza urged them in an address to-day, to have patience, as the period of reconstruction would be long and difficult.

"You must all have patience and faith," he said, "and work with the Carranza party in its arduous task of reconstruction and of overcoming the mistakes of former regimes."

Asked about conditions on the West Coast of Mexico, General Carranza said foreigners now were in no danger, but that should danger threaten them, prompt action would be taken to afford relief.

In regard to property in Mexico which had been seized by forces of the de facto government, General Carranza indicated that property taken from those guilty of offenses against the government might be confiscated, but that property belonging to those who had not participated in political affairs would be returned to them.

REFUGEES MUST RETURN

It was made plain that to settle the question of confiscation or return of their property, refugees who fled across the border, including in their number many former supporters of General Huerta, must present themselves to the Mexican authorities for trial, in order to establish whether or not they have been guilty of offenses against the de facto government.

The innocent need have no fear, General Carranza said, but the guilty would be punished according to the extent of their transgressions.

The Carranza headquarters to-day reported that conditions in Sonora and in the west are satisfactory, and that the border, controlled by Villa, between Nogales, Cananea, and Hermosillo, was repeatedly being narrowed. Carranza expressed confidence in the ability of General Obregon to cope with the situation there.

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